

Appendix 10

PARTY AFFILIATIONS IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Year of election	Labor	Free Trade	Protectionist	Anti-Socialist	Liberal ⁱ	Nationalist	Country/National ⁱⁱ	United Australia	NSW Labor	Non-communist Labour	Independent	Total
1901	14	28	31	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	75
1903	23	25	26	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1 ⁱⁱⁱ	75
1906	26	—	16	27	—	—	—	—	—	—	6 ^{iv}	75
1910	43	—	—	—	31 ^v	—	—	—	—	—	1	75
1913	37	—	—	—	38	—	—	—	—	—	—	75
1914	42	—	—	—	32	—	—	—	—	—	1	75
1917	22	—	—	—	—	53 ^{vi}	—	—	—	—	—	75
1919	26	—	—	—	—	37	11	—	—	—	1 ^{vii}	75
1922	30	—	—	—	5	26	14	—	—	—	1	76 ^{viii}
1925	24	—	—	—	—	37	14	—	—	—	1	76
1928	32	—	—	—	—	29	13	—	—	—	2 ^{ix}	76
1929	47	—	—	—	—	14	10	—	—	—	5 ^x	76
1931	15	—	—	—	—	—	16	40 ^{xi}	4	—	1	76
1934	18	—	—	—	—	—	14	33	9	—	1	75
1937	29	—	—	—	—	—	16	28	—	—	2 ^{xii}	75
1940	32	—	—	—	—	—	14	23	—	4	2	75
1943	49	—	—	—	—	—	12 ^{xiii}	12	—	—	2	75
1946	43	—	—	—	17	—	12 ^{xiii}	—	—	—	3	75

i Members of the Liberal and Country League (SA) are included from 1946.

ii The Country Party was formed after the 1919 election out of Members returned under the endorsement of primary producers' organisations. In 1975 name of party changed to National Country Party of Australia. In 1982 name of party changed to National Party of Australia, and in 2003 to the Nationals.

iii Identified by *Hughes & Graham* as Revenue Tariff Party.

iv Includes 4 Independent Protectionists and 2 Western Australia Party.

v Derived from elements of former Protectionists and Anti-Socialists. Also referred to during election as 'Fusion'.

vi Formed by elements of Labor Party and former Liberals.

vii Identified by *Hughes & Graham* as Independent Nationalist.

viii From 1922 total figure includes a Member for the Northern Territory who did not have full voting rights until 1968.

ix Includes one Country Progressive.

x Includes 3 Independent Nationalists and one Country Progressive.

xi Formed by elements of the Labor Party and former Nationalists.

xii Includes one Independent UAP.

xiii Includes one Liberal Country.

<i>Year of election</i>	<i>Labor</i>	<i>Liberal</i>	<i>Country Liberal</i>	<i>Country/National</i>	<i>Nationals WA</i>	<i>Australian Greens</i>	<i>Independent</i>	<i>Total</i>
1949	48	55	—	19	—	—	1	123 ^{xiv}
1951	54	52	—	17	—	—	—	123
1954	59	47	—	17	—	—	—	123
1955	49	57	—	18	—	—	—	124
1958	47	58	—	19	—	—	—	124
1961	62 ^{xv}	45	—	17	—	—	—	124
1963	52	52	—	20	—	—	—	124
1966	41	61	—	21	—	—	1	124
1969	59	46	—	20	—	—	—	125
1972	67	38	—	20	—	—	—	125
1974	66	40	—	21	—	—	—	127
1975	36	68	—	23	—	—	—	127
1977	38	67	—	19	—	—	—	124
1980	51	54	—	20	—	—	—	125
1983	75	33	—	17	—	—	—	125
1984	82	45	—	21	—	—	—	148
1987	86	43	—	19	—	—	—	148
1990	78	55	—	14	—	—	1	148
1993	80	49	—	16	—	—	2	147
1996	49	75	1	18	—	—	5	148
1998	67 ^{xvi}	64	—	16	—	—	1	148
2001	65	68	1	13	—	—	3	150
2004	60	74	1	12	—	—	3	150
2007	83	55	—	10	—	—	2	150

xiv From 1949 figure includes a Member for the Australian Capital Territory who did not have full voting rights until 1966.

xv Although the Labor Party had the same number of seats as the coalition parties (62), two of its Members (Northern Territory and the ACT) did not have full voting rights.

xvi Includes one seat filled at a supplementary election held after the first meeting of the new House.

<i>Year of election</i>	<i>Labor</i>	<i>Liberal</i> ^{xvii}	<i>The Nationals</i> ^{xvii}	<i>Country Liberal</i>	<i>Australian Greens</i>	<i>Katter's Australian Party</i>	<i>Palmer United Party</i>	<i>Nick Xenophon Team</i>	<i>Independent</i>	<i>Total</i>
2010	72	60	12	1	1	—	—	—	4	150
2013	55	74	15	1	1	1	1	—	2	150
2016	69	60	16	—	1	1	—	1	2	150

xvii In 2008 the Queensland branches of the Liberal Party and the Nationals merged to form the Liberal National Party of Queensland (LNP). However, LNP candidates elected to the Federal Parliament have continued to sit as Liberals or Nationals.

Party strengths indicated are those after general elections and do not allow for by-elections, changes in affiliation between elections or as a result of elections declared void and recontested.

This table has been compiled using House records, C. A. Hughes & B. D. Graham, *A Handbook of Australian Government and Politics 1890–1964*, Australian National University Press, Canberra, 1968, pp. 285–422 and G. Sawyer, *Australian Federal Politics and Law 1901–1929* and *Australian Federal Politics and Law 1929–1949*. Party affiliations of Members were not officially recorded by the Department of the House of Representatives until 1956. Prior to 1956 contemporary records and subsequent histories do not always agree on the party affiliations of Members.

Updates in red